

Text 1 "A Poor Widow" page 9

Once upon a time there were two sisters. One of them was rich but had no children, while the other was a poor widow who had five children.

One day, the poor widow no longer had enough food to satisfy. "My children and I are suffering the greatest hunger. You are my beloved sister and you are rich. Please give me a mouthful of bread."

The very rich sister was too stingy to give some food to her sister and said, "I myself have nothing in the house," and she drove away sister harsh words.

After some time, the husband of the rich sister came home and was just going to cut himself a piece of bread. When he made the first cut into the loaf, out flowed red blood.

When the maid saw that, she was very terrified and told him what his wife had done to the poor widow. After hearing the maid's story the husband hurried away to help the poor widow and her children. But when he entered the widow's room, he found her praying. She had her two youngest children in her arms and the three eldest were lying dead. He offered the food, but she refused it and answered, "we no longer have a desire for earthly food. God has already satisfied the hunger of the three of us, and he will listen to our supplications likewise."

After she uttered these words, the two little ones, drew their last breath. Five seconds later, the poor widow sank down and died.

Text 2 "The Magic Violin" page 10

Once there lived a landlord who loved money very much. He hired a young man named john. He gave him little money, so John went away angrily.

One day, John met a poor old lady. He gave her all money. The old lady thanked him and asked "what's your favorite?" John said, "I like violin very much. "So the old lady took out a violin from her back and gave it to him.

John went forward. He met a man who was cutting the wood. The man said, "If you can help me, I'll give you some money." John agreed.

When John finished the work, the man didn't give him any money. John had to live there. While John was playing the violin, the man couldn't help dancing. The rhythm the sound became quicker and quicker, and the man was tired. He begged. "Please stop. I will give you money. "John got the money and left happily.

He understood the violin was not a common violin. It was a magic violin. So he decided to give the landlord a lesson.

He came to the landlord's home and asked him to return his money. The landlord refused. So John played the violin. Hearing the sound, the landlord danced. John played the violin faster and faster, and the landlord faster and faster, too. At last, he couldn't bear. He cried, "Help! Help! I'll give you money. Don't play!"

John didn't stop playing until the landlord gave him much money.

Finally, John distributed the money to the poor.

Text 3 "Pandawa" page 12

Once upon a time of wayang age, there lived a wise a king called Yudhistira. He led his country Amarta supported by his half brothers Sena, Harjuna, Nakula, and Sadewa. The five brothers are also known as Pandawa Lima.

Their success in leading the people made their cousins Kurawa of 100 sons jealous. They asked their teacher Durna, also the teacher of pandawa's but always in

Kurawa's side, to persuade Pandawa to gamble with their kingdoms as their bets. Of course, Kurawa and Durna known as their dishonesty had a trick to win the gamble.

Because Pandawa always obeyed their teacher, they agreed to gamble. As expected before, Kurawa won the game, and Pandawa lost. As a consequence, Pandawa left the kingdom and built another kingdom by clearing a jungle.

Later Pandawa knew that they had been cheated. In a big war called Bharata Yudha, Pandawa won the war.

This teaches us that the honest will win the dishonest will lose.

Text 4 "The Kidnap of Shinta" page 13

Long time ago, there was a king named Rahwana. He was physically powerful king of alengka (Ceylon), but he had no queen. He lived with his sister, sarphanaka.

One day, he was very angry when sarphanaka told him that Rama, who was the king of ayodya and his brother Laksmana, had refused to marry her.

Then he called his friend Maricha and said, "I have found a way. People say Shinta, Rama's wife, is very beautiful and Rama loves her very much. I'll turn myself into a beautiful deer and go near their house in the forest. I know shinta will want to deer and ask Rama and Laksmana to catch it for her. When the two brothers have gone to get me, you can kidnap Shinta.

"That's a good plan, Maricha! No one knows you can imitate animal. Let's do it!"

Maricha went into the forest immediately and began the plan. When Rama chased and shot him an arrow, he cried out loudly imitating Rama's voice. Shinta thought it was Rama who was screaming for help. She asked Laksmana, who was supposed to look after her, to go and help her husband.

When the sun went down, Rahwana, who knew that Shinta was alone, came around Shinta's house. He was wearing Brahman's clothes so that Shinta would not know him. "Who are you, beautiful girl? Why do you stay here in this forest?"

Shinta knew that Brahman were good men. She showed her respect to the Brahman and told him everything about herself.

Rahwana waited no longer, "I'm not Brahman. I'm Rahwana, the king of Alengka. I have come to take you to be my queen!" Rahwana laughed loudly.

Shinta was surprise and frightened, but angrily she said, "You can never take me away from Rama. He loves me and surely he will come to you to get me back!"

Rahwana caught Shinta and carried her in his chariot to Alengka. It was a magic chariot that could fly. The horses flew to the chariot over the sky. Shinta cried out all the time during the flight. It was Jatayu, a big scared bird, who first tried to release her from Rahwana's powerful arms. They fought very long time, but Rahwana was too strong to beat, and finally the bird fell to the ground, badly hurt.

Unsuccessfully, Rama and Laksmana returned home only to find that Shinta had disappeared. After for a moment searching for the wife, they found Jatayu. The scared bird helplessly told about his failure rescuing Shinta before he finally died.

Rama and his brother prepared for a raid to Alengka. They took the troops of his country and fought Rahwana.

At last, Rama's army won the invasion after Rahwana was shot dead by Rama arrow.

Rama took Shinta back to his country and they live happily ever after.

Text 5 "The Clever Judge" page 17

Once a lion, a fox, and a donkey set off for a day's hunting, after agreeing that each was to have an equal share of what was caught. After a tie, they were able to pull down and kill a fat buck; and the lion asked donkey to so good as to divide the prize. As invited the lion to take his choice.

At this, the lion flew into a violent rage, sprang on the poor donkey, and killed him with a powerful blow.

Then the lion told the fox to divide the meat. This the fox did, but he was cunning. He put aside a big heap for the lion's share, and kept only a small piece for himself.

On seeing this, the lion looked very pleased. "Master Fox," he said' "this is indeed a most satisfactory divisor. Who taught you to be so clever?"

"The dead donkey has been my teacher," replied the fox.

"From his foolish conduct I have learned to be wise.

Text 6 "Why Do the Moon Never Appear Together?" page 18

Long, long ago, the sun and the moon lived happily together in the sky. They always appear together during the day ad during the night.

One day, the sun shone brightly so that it almost burned the moon. The sunlight hurt the moon's eyes very much. This made the moon blind.

The moon left the sun although the sun had asked apology to the moon.

The sun loves the moon very much, so he chased her. He chased and chased through the years and centuries but never caught the moon until now.

That's why the sun shines during the day and at night the moon appears. They will never unite again.

Text 7 "Australian Government" page 28

In Australia, there are three levels of government, the federal governments, state governments and local governments. All of these levels of governments are necessary. This is so for a number of reasons.

First, the federal government is necessary for the big things. They keep the economy in order and look after things like defense.

Similarly, the state governments look after the middle sized things. For example they look after law and order, preventing things like vandalism in schools.

Finally, local governments look after the small things.

They look after things like collecting rubbish, otherwise everyone would have diseases.

Thus, for the reasons above us can conclude that the three levels of government are necessary.

Text 8 "Cheatings" page 28

Cheating during a test is disadvantageous.

First, cheating makes students lazy to study. If, once a student cheats from a friend and gets a good score, he/she will do it again and again. So, it makes the student lazy to study and depend on others.

Second, cheating makes the students less confident. Although a student has prepared himself/herself for the tests, he/she will at last cheat again because he/she has not enough confidence with his/her own efforts.

Third, cheating is self-deceiving. Though a student gets a good score, he/she doesn't deserve to be proud and satisfied and, deep in his/her heart, he/she admits that it is not his/her own achievement.

Finally, cheating harms others. The students who do not cheat during the test will probably get lower scores than those who cheat, because the latter cheat from many friends answer sheet.

For the reasons above, I think that cheating habits should be stopped. It is very harmful to nation's character building.

Text 9 "The importance Hat for Students" page 31

Students should always wear hats in the school playground to protect their skin and eyes.

Firstly, hats protect the skin from sunburn. As we know, lunch and recess are during the sunniest part of the day. Without hats, students' skin would get much burnt and that could cause skin cancer.

Secondly, hats can help prevent eye damage from the sun. Even on cloudy days there can be a lot of glare from the sun. Hats help to prevent some of glare so that we don't have to squint and hurt our eyes.

In conclusion, hats should be worn in the playground at all times.

Text 10 "Cars should be banned in the City" page 32

Cars should be banned in the city. As we all know, cars create pollution, and cause pollution, and cause a lot of road deaths and other accidents.

Firstly, cars as we all know, contribute to most of the pollution in the world. Cars emit deadly gas that causes illnesses such as bronchitis, lung cancer, and triggers of asthma. Some of these illnesses are so bad that people can die from them.

Secondly, the city is very busy. Pedestrians wander everywhere and cars commonly hit pedestrians in the city, which causes them to die. Cars today are our roads biggest killers.

Thirdly, cars are very noisy. If you live in the city, you may find it hard to sleep at night, or concentrate on your homework, and especially talk to someone.

In conclusion, cars should be banned from the city of the reason listed.

Text 11 "Volcanoes" page 37

That volcanoes give more advantages is not exaggeration. The lava coming out from their craters gives us great blessing. There are many reasons for this fact.

Firstly, the lava coming out from the earth's crust contains minerals needed by plant. And they make the land very fertile. Almost every plant grows well. Tea plantation, tobacco plantations are examples of the plants which grow well on the slope of the mountain.

Secondly, solid materials for instance: rocks/stones and sand are very useful for building houses. They are formed from lava that has cooled.

Thirdly, volcanoes and mountains force the cloud to rise, and cooled them off, causing them to drop the water they contain in the form of rain.

In conclusion, volcanoes give us great blessing for the reasons listed.

Text 12 "The Importance Physical Education at School" page 38

I think it important to have physical education at school

First, we spend much of our time at school and we need to keep our body healthy. School begins at seven and we take part in the classroom lessons till noon. Physical fitness is needed to support the activity.

Second, we need to improve our skill in sport to support our future career. Many school graduates are listed in the national sport team and they earn for a living from it.

Finally, physical education at school gives us more knowledge on branches of sport. It is necessary when we need to be qualified members of broader society.

It is obvious that to have physical education at school is important.

Text 13 "Social and Economic Leaders Should Not Always Have High Formal Education" page 40

Social and economic leaders should not always have high formal education. That formal education is important for people has been known to all. However, whether people will be good social and economic leader does not always depend on their formal education. It is believed that experience is also an important contribution to success.

It is true that formal education gives benefits to leaders to-be, but thinks they have got from education are not necessarily applicable the society here they later become leaders. In fact, at schools and universities people only learn theories, while in society; people do learn actual lives through their experience. This experience, then, often creates good social and economic leaders. They are actually born from what they have learned in society.

To take some examples of good social and economic leaders, we can mention some figures. The late Adam Malik was appointed Indonesia Vice President not because of his formal education; he just finished a certain level of elementary school, but because of his capacity acquired from his autodidactic learning. The late Hamka was another leader born from his own way of learning. He also became a well-known religious and literary man also because of his autodidactic learning. Even Einstein did

not have a good reputation in his formal education, but trough his real learning in society he turned out to be a distinguished expert in physics.

It is clear, then, trough formal education people only learn how to learn, not how to live. Although formal education is necessary, it is not the only way leading people to be social and economic leaders.

Text 14 "Skin" page 45

Skin is an important organ of body. It covers all of the body and performs many special functions.

Skin is the largest organ in the human body. It weighs between two and three kilograms and is either glabrous or hairy. Glabrous skin is that found on the palms of the hands and the souls of the feet. It is smooth and airless. Hairy skin covers the rest of the body and this varies in texture, thickness and amount of hair.

Skin is made up of two layers. The outer layer is the epidermis. This is mainly dead or drying skin cells. Beneath the epidermis is the dermis. The dermis is made from tougher fibers and is thicker than the epidermis. Within the dermis are nerves, blood vessels and glands.

Skin does a number of important things for the body. It provides a protective covering for the body, helps to prevent the body from drying out, holds the body organs in place and regulates the body's temperature.

The skin, therefore, skin is a complex part of the human body.

Text 15 "Cheetah" page 46

Cheetahs are members of the cat family and are the world's fastest land animal. They inhabit open grasslands and scrub in Africa, southern Asia and the middle.

Cheetahs are often mistaken for leopards and have many similar features. Their distinguishing marks are the long, teardrop-shaped lines on each side of the nose from the corner of the eyes to the mouth.

The animals have muscular and powerful bodies which are aerodynamically perfect for short, fast runs. Their bendy backs keep the body flexible as they sprint. They can accelerate from standing to 40 mph in three strides and to a full speed of 70 mph within 40 seconds. Cheetahs' feet are like running shoes and have grips and spikes to dig into the ground. The grips are special ridges on the animals' footpads and the claws act as spikes. These claws stay out all the time. This is different from other cats, whose claws tuck away in special sheaths in their paws.

Cheetahs are carnivores and eat gazelle and small antelope. A long tail helps the cheetah keep its balance as it swerves after its prey, using large eyes that point forward to judge distance accurately. Once the cheetah has pounced, the victim is gripped by the throat to stop it breathing. However the cheetah has weak jaws and small teeth and cannot always protect its kills or it's young, especially if tired out after a run.

Female cheetahs give birth to an average of three young that they rear by themselves. Once fully grown, the animals usually live alone, through males sometimes form small groups. Cheetahs live about twelve years.

Cheetahs are now an endangered species and many conservationists are trying to help to protect the habitats of these interesting creature.

Text 16 "Earthquakes" page 47

Two scales measure earthquakes. The Mercalli scale measures how much damage is caused, from 1 to 12, while the Richter scale measures the magnitude of shock.

Most earthquakes happen along the edge of the earth's huge plates. High-risk regions are the Pacific Rim, around the shore of Pacific Ocean, Southeast Asia (Philippines and Indonesia), from northern India west to Southern Europe. Earthquakes under the sea set off under the water ripples (small waves). These reach land and rear up to form huge waves called tsunamis.

The earthquakes normally last not more than a few minutes and may be over in just a few seconds. They come from a place called epicenter. The sallow epicenter is 70 kilometers below the surface, an intermediate one 70-300 kilometers, and deep epicenters below 300 kilometers. Earthquakes are movements of the earth. An earthquake happens when the plates which form the earth's outer layer suddenly make rapid movements like colliding, pushing apart, and sliding past each other.

Text 17 "Desert" page 49

Desserts are places on earth with little or no rainfall, hold or cold temperatures. Some deserts, especially those close to the equator, are hot all year with temperatures reaching 50 Celsius. Others, such as the Gobi deserts in Mongolia, are cold and wins wept.

Many deserts are bare and rocky with areas of sparse scrubland, where only the hardiest plants can grow. Some hot desserts are sandy, and the wind sweeps the sand into the large wave-like dunes. In this arid, bare landscape, the sand is mostly too unstable to support plant life.

Sometimes an underground water source comes close to the surface, creating an oasis, where plants can grow, and people can live.

Text 18 "Bees" page 55

Bees are flying insects that are found all over the world. There are over twelve thousand different species of bees, but only about two thousand of these are found in North of America.

Bees can be divided into two groups according to their living styles. Solitary bees live alone. On the other hand, social bees, like ants, live in groups. Only about six hundred species are of his social category.

Social bees are interesting because in their "society" there are different classes of bees. Each class performs a different task. Queen bees lay eggs. Workers, underdeveloped females, work in the hive but never reproduce. Males do not work; their only task is to mate with the queen.

Solitary bees occur as males and females. Every female makes a nest in the ground where she will lay her eggs. The nest consists of many cells. After an egg is laid and put in a cell, the female also adds some pollen and honey for food. Then she seals the cell. The females then go elsewhere to build a new nest or die. When the eggs hatch, the larva will feed on the pollen and honey which the female left for them.

Text 19 "The Cleverest Animal" page 56

For many years people believed that the cleverest animals after man were chimpanzees. Now, however, there is proof that dolphins may be even cleverer than these big apes.

Although a dolphin lives in the sea it is not a fish. It is a mammal. It is in many ways, therefore, like a human being.

Dolphins have a simple language. They are able to talk to one another. It may be possible for man to learn how to talk to dolphins. But this will not be easy because dolphins cannot hear the kind of sounds man can make. If man wants to talk to dolphins, therefore, he will have to make a third language which both he and the dolphins can understand.

Dolphins are also very friendly toward man. They often follow ships. There many stories about dolphins guiding ships through difficult and dangerous waters.

Text 20 "Avian Influenza" page 57

Avian influenza is an infection caused by Avian (bird) influenza (flu) viruses. These influenza viruses occur naturally among birds. Wild birds worldwide carry the viruses in their intestines but usually do not get sick from them. However, avian influenza is very contagious among birds and can make some domesticated birds, including chickens, ducks and turkeys, very sick and kill them.

Infected birds shed influenza virus in their saliva, nasal secretions and feces. Susceptible birds become infected when they have contact with contaminated secretions or excretions or with surfaces that are contaminated with secretions or excretions from infected birds.

Domesticated birds may become infected waterfowl or other infected poultry, through contact with surface (such as dirt or cages), or materials (such as water or feed) that have been contaminated with the virus.

Infection with avian influenza viruses in domestic poultry causes two main forms of disease that are distinguished by low and high extremes of virulence.

The low pathogenic from may go undetected and usually causes only mild symptoms (such as ruffled feathers and a drop in egg production). However, the highly pathogenic form spreads more rapidly through flocks of poultry. This form may cause disease that affects multiple internal organs and has a mortality rate that can reach 90-100% often within 48 hours.

Text 21 "Being Fat is a Serious Problem" page 61

Do you know that if you are too fat, you may have serious problem with your health? A group of doctors wrote a report about some of the effects of too much fat.

One important effect is on the hearth. If you are fat, your heart has to work hard. This may lead to a heart attack, or it may lead to other heart problems. Extra fat can also change amount of sugar in your blood. This can cause serious diseases, such as diabetes, high blood pressure is another possible result of being fat.

More studies have shown about all these problems. They stated that extra fat can make you live shorter.

Realizing the dangerous effect of being extra fat, you should do two things to avoid being fat. Exercising regularly and avoiding greasy food. You can make your life healthier.

Text 22 "Passive Smokers" page 61

Cigarette smokers are said to have a good chance of getting various fatal diseases. But I think that other people's tobacco smoke seems to increase the chances of non-smokers getting a wide range of cancers.

First, although passive smokers inhale less tobacco smoke, the researchers point out that smoke they breathe in is richer in many toxic chemicals. There is, for example, three times as much as benzo-apyrene, six times as much as toluene and more than 50 times as much as dimethylnitrosamine. Of course these substances will harm our body in the long run.

Secondly, the recent research reported that the risk of getting cancers not normally associated with smoking also rose among passive smokers. The risk of leukemia rose 6-8 times and risk of cervical cancer increased 3-4 times. Thirdly, pass studies have found that by product of cigarette smoke such as coinine and

thiocyanate, turn up in the blood, urine, and saliva of nonsmoking adults, children and fetuses that have been exposed to smokers. These substances are the main causes of various cancers.

In short, the effects of exposure to the cigarette smoking of others are greater than has been previously suspected. That's why some cigarette smokers should not smoke at public places. Furthermore, the government had better designate certain places as restricted smoking areas. Hopefully common people can breathe fresh air without smoking disturbance.

Text 23 "Supposition When Buy A Mobile Phone" page 62

When we buy a mobile phone, we have to consider some points.

If we decide to buy a mobile phone, we can start asking ourselves the usefulness of the equipment. We may ask, "Do we want it for our prestige or for its usefulness?"

After we decide to use a mobile phone, we should make a choice on the type of mobile phone. With the various choices in the market, we should decide the one that meets our needs. We must know what we need.

As consequence of its high operational cost, we have to pay more for a mobile phone compared to a fixed telephone. That is why we have to think carefully before we decide to use it. Therefore we only use it for chat with a friend.

With all the consequences of using mobile phone, we indeed should give serious consideration before using it. They are:

- 1. Ask yourself," Do I need it at the moment?"
- 2. Buy the mobile phone that suits your budget.
- 3. Prioritize the function of the mobile phone for you, rather than its features that may interest you.

Use the mobile phone for important talks.

Text 24 "What are Your Kids Watching?" page 64

It is important to know your kids are watching? Or course it is. Television can expose your children to things that you have tried them from, especially violence, drug, abuse, etc.

One study demonstrated that watching too much TV during the day or at bedtime often causes bedtime resistance; sleep onset delay and anxiety around sleep, followed by shorten sleep duration.

Another study found a significant association between the amounts of time spent subsequent aggressive acts against others.

Meanwhile, many studies have found an association between kids watching a lot of TV, being inactive and overweight.

Text 25 "Address to the Jury" page 65

Ladies and gentlemen, to the jury, the prosecution will prove you that the accused is guilty. He had the motive, opportunity and ability to commit the crime and this will be shown in the evidence presented to you.

Firstly, the accused needed money. He was in debt, owing the bank over Rp. 10.000.000. He had no chance of repaying this; therefore, he needed quick money. That is why he stole the gold.

Secondly, the accused had the opportunity. As a security guard he could come and go to the saving room without causing suspicion. He had plenty of time on the night of robbery to take the gold, hide it and then return to his post before the next guard came on duty.

Finally, the accused had the ability to take the gold. He had knowledge of alarm system and had keys to unlock the case.

On this evidence you have no other choice but to find him guilty.

Text 26 "Ads should be Stop" page 66

We are writing to complain about ads on TV. There are so many ads, especially during our favorite programs. They should be stopped for a number of reasons.

First, ads are nuisance. They go on for a long time and there are so many. Sometimes there seems to be more ads than programs.

Second, ads are a bad influence on people. They try to encourage people to buy unhealthy food like beer, soft drink, candy, and chips. They make people want things they do not really need and cannot afford.

Finally, the people who make ads have too much to say in what programs people watch. That is because they want to put all their ads on popular programs that a lot of people watch. Some programs which are not so popular get stopped because they do no attract enough ads, even though those programs may be someone's favorite.

For those reasons, your TV station should stop showing ads. They interrupt programs are a bad influence on people, and sometimes put a stop to people's favorite shows. We are sick of ads, and now we mostly watch other channels.

Text 27 "Smoking in Restaurant" page 67

Many public places are polluted by cigarette smoke now, even a restaurant where we really want to eat healthy food. Smoking in restaurant must not be allowed for a number of reasons: Firstly, smoking in restaurant is impolite. The smell of the smoke affects all people and can turn them off their food. People pay to taste good food and not to be put off by foul-smelling smoke.

Another reason why smoking should not be allowed in restaurant is the harm it can do to other. Passive smoking, that is, breathing in smoke made by a smoker, can lead to asthmas attacks and ever cancer.

Finally, smoking is dangerous and a health risk to the smoker. Cigarettes cause heart and lung disease and people should not smoke anywhere, not just in restaurants.

Smoking in restaurants is just no way. Restaurants should publish notices: 'SMOKING IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED HERE' and stick them on every nook and hook of the place.

Text 28 "Unhealthy Habit Leads to Malnutrition" page 70

A little boy of two years old was crying for a pack of snack when a vendor passed by a small alley in a dense dwellings in central Jakarta. He was grabbing his mother's hand begging badly to satisfy his childhood desires. Unwilling to see her beloved little boy crying the mother just fulfilled his demand.

Cheap snacks attempt children like no other food. They look good a taste good, too. A pack of crackers or dry noodle that costs than one hundred rupiahs, the snacks too often worked well for many parents to calm down their children. No wonder that many parents spend money on this tantalizing food rather than on milk and other such nutritious fare.

The research which covered five hundreds sixty six children, found that in 200, 9,8% of the children under the age of five were suffering from acute

malnutrition. In 1999, that figure was 14%. This means that the malnutrition problem decreases.

According to the research finding, the lacking of nutritious intakes would likely inhabit the children development. A child will grow thin, weak and sometimes pale. Those are signs of malnutrition states. As a result, children will tend to get sick frequently and lose their weight.

Unhealthy children will make difficulties for the whole people. The reasons are, first, their parents will spend much money to make their children healthy; second, the government will have limited number of good and healthy manpower; third, and this condition will badly effect the political, social and economical growth.

The conclusion is that educating the children and parents that every mouthful of food should have nutritious value is a must.

Text 29 "Eradicating Corruption" page 71

Do you know what the meaning of corruption is? What is the relation between money and corruption? Well, corruption is common everywhere in the world; even in the U.S. it's just a matter of the intensity. However, it is quite shocking when one reliable survey claims Jakarta as the most corrupt place in Indonesia.

The survey has made me sad, actually, because I stay and earn a living here in the capital. As most people know, Tanjung Priok Port smuggling is not a new thing at all. Entrepreneurs who want to minimize their tax payments tend to do such a thing more often. They even bribe the officials. Well, I think the measures taken so far to overcome the problem by punishing the corruptors is still not far enough. We have to prevent the younger generation from getting a bad mentality caused by corruption.

I believe we should start at the earliest stages in school and I think everyone should be involved in the effort to eradicate corruption. We must not make any distinctions.

Text 30 "Some Differences Might Find When Go Aboard" page 72

There are some differences you might find when you go aboard, for example, America.

First, there are differences in terms of the direct and indirect ways of speaking. Americans tent to speak directly. When they disagree with someone's opinion, for example, they will directly express that.

Second, differences in dealing personal distance. Americans tend to require more personal space than other cultures. This might be offending but actually it is an American's custom. When someone feels you are standing too close, he or she may step back without even thinking about it.

Third, differences in terms of save topics to talk about, for example, we, Indonesians tend to be friendly by asking one's personal data like age, previous or current relationship the first time we meet her/him. It is normal for us. However, for Americans, it is considered impolite.

Because of reasons above, it is better to know a country's culture before going there.

Text 31 "English is the World's Most Important Language" page 73

I personally think that English is the world's most important language. Why do I say that?

Firstly, English is an international language. It is spoken by many people all over the world either as first or second language.

Secondly, English is also a key to open door to scientific and technical knowledge which is needed for the economic and politics development of many countries in the world.

Thirdly, English is a top requirement of those seeking jobs. Applicants who master either active or passive English are more favorable than those who don't.

From the fact above, it is obvious that everybody needs to learn English to greet the global area.

Text 32 "Forest" page 74

In many hilly areas of Scotland there once were large forests. Over the years the forests became smaller.

People cut down the trees to use the wood for heating or building. They used the land for farming. After a while the land was not good for farming. It became rocky because the earth was washed away the rain. These were no trees to hold the earth in place. Now the Scottish government is planting new trees. These new forest look nice and green. They will also help improve the earth for the future.

Large forests are important to us in many ways. They give us wood for building and heating. They are a home for many kinds of plants and animals. And for many city people, forests are a place to go for vacation. People can learn about nature there. They can breathe fresh air and sleep in a quiet place.

But there is one more reason why forests are important for everyone. The leaves on the trees in a forest help clean the air. Dirty air is a problem in many parts of the world. Without forests, this problem might be much worse. With all the forest has given to us, it is now our time to save the forest.

Text 33 "Reading is Very important" page 75

Well everybody, how many of you like reading? And why do you like reading? There are many reasons why reading is very important.

First, reading gives us unlimited information. You should remember book is the window of the world. In books, we can get knowledge in any fields. Similar, reading books, especially comics or novels is useful for our minds. It makes us relax after doing our activities. When we are sad, reading comic books will entertain us.

Another reason is sometimes by reading books we can find solution of our problems. It helps us to lesson our burdens.

So reading is very important as the reasons listed.

Text 34 "A Private Conversation" page 80

A few days ago my father and mother went to Yogyakarta to visit my aunt. They spent a night there. I stayed at home with my elder brother, Firdaus.

At dinner time my brother took me out to have dinner. At first I refused it because I was watching my favorite TV series, Siti Nurbaya. He insisted and told me that I could watch it in the restaurant where we were going to have dinner. I thought for a moment and at last I agreed to go. It was a good and crowded place to eat. After a moment we found an empty table close to the TV set. "Lucky me!", I said to myself. I was so excited to see that my favorite series was on TV. My brother was busy talking about the menu with the waiter while I was enjoying the program. But then I began to be annoyed. There were a couple sitting next to me. They were talking and laughing too loudly that I couldn't hear the program. I looked at them angrily but they didn't care.

At last I couldn't bear anymore and said to them loudly, "I can hear a word!". "It is none of your business!", the young man replied rudely. "It is a private conversation!".

Text 35 "Snakes are Afraid of Sharks" page 81

Last year my friends and I went to North Sumatra for an excursion. We visited many tourist objects. We stayed in low-priced hotel not far from the sea for three days.

One morning I wanted to swim in the beach hoping that I would recover from my being tired after traveling around the beautiful places the day before. I asked a native boy who happened to be there. "Is there any snake in the beach?". "No. There isn't any snake in the lake!", replied the boy. Then I went into the water without hesitation. But, while I was swimming I felt something swimming around me. I was still in the water when I shouted to the boy,

"Are you sure there is no snake here?". "No!", shouted the boy. "There is no snake here. Snakes are afraid of sharks!".

Text 36 "How Fast You Could Run" page 81

Last week I participated in a cross country program held by my school. The activity was done through a remote mountain area with a broad and dense forest, night and day.

We reached the nearest village at noon. Some villagers suggested that we have someone to guide us cruise the unfamiliar and dangerous forest. After taking a rest for a few minutes and making some preparations we set for the location accompanied by two native guides. All the way they continuously reminded us to be watchful to wild beast animals.

The routes were really hard and risky. It was very often that we had to climb up and down sharp cliffs, and heard strange sounds of distant animals.

To slow down my heart beats I just tried to talk to the guides and asked them how to keep myself from being attacked by wild animals when the night came later on.

"Just light your torch", answered one of the guides.

"Does that really work?", I tried to confirm.

"It depends on how fast you could carry the torch!", he answered calmly.

Text 37 "My Hard Day" page 85

Yesterday was my hard day. I went on driving on a car with my date to a country side.

While we were enjoying the fresh and nice view, suddenly there was an old man with a dog behind him. All of a sudden, when we were about to pass them, the poor dog crossed the street. As I couldn't control my car, I hit the dog and died. I stopped my car after arguing for minutes, he charged me for 100 thousand.

Returning back home on the same way, I found a little girl crying over the dead dog I hit. We stopped and my date asked her "Is it your dog?" she nodded her head sobbingly "Yes, it is my beloved dog". I talked to myself "How crazy the old man was! He will have to take that".

Text 38 "A White Shadow" page 121

It had been a heavy rainstorm since that afternoon. I had just finished helping my girl friend doing some math problems given by our Math teacher. We were sitting in the living-room for coffee and waiting for the rain to stop.

It was 9 p.m. and there were no signs that the rain would stop. "It seems that you'll have to spend the night here, Sam", said my girlfriend. I thought it was an appealing offer to spend at a girlfriend's, but I just felt uneasy. "No, thanks", I said.

A few moments later I got into my old car, started the engine, and said good night to her. My heart whispered at me not to drive along the lane in front of me. I knew it was a short way to reach my home, but I also knew that the lane was across and old cemetery. There were no houses, no people, and no vehicles, just me and my old car.

Suddenly, a white shadow appeared in the middle of the lane. I shone my headlight at that direction. The white shape turned to me. I saw frightening pair of big-circled eyes. It was a long haired woman in a long white dress. She grinned at me!

I felt my blood frozen, my heart-beat stopped, my mouth opened but I was speechless. My eyes opened widely in terror.

When consciousness came into my mind, I reserved my car as quickly as I could, and sped back to my girlfriend's. "I think I'll take your offer to spend the night here!" I told my girlfriend while my legs were trembling.

Text 39 "Timun Emas (Golden Cucumber)" page 126

Once upon a time, not far from a jungle, lived husband and a wife. They were farmers. They were farmers. They were diligent farmers and always worked hard on the paddy fields. They had been married for many years and still not have a child yet. Every day they prayed and prayed for a child.

One night, while they were praying, Buto Ijo, a green giant with supernatural power passed their house. He heard they pray. "Don't worry farmers. I can give you a

child. But you have to give me that child when she is 17 years old, "said Buto Ijo. The farmers were so happy.

They did not think about the risk of losing their child later and agree to take the offer. Later, Buto Ijo gave them a bunch of cucumber seeds. The farmers planted them carefully. Then the seeds changed into plants. No longer after that, a big golden cucumber grew from plants. After it had ripped, that farmers picked and cut it. They were very surprised to see beautiful baby-girl inside the cucumber. They named her Timun Mas or Golden Cucumber. Years passed by and Timun Mas has changed into a beautiful girl. On her 17th birthday, Timun Mas was very happy.

However, the parents were very sad. They knew they had to keep their promise to Buta Ijo, the giant but they also did not want to lose their beloved daughter. "My daughter, take this bag. It can save you from Buto Ijo, "said father. "What do you mean, Father? I don't understand, "said Timun Mas.

Right after that, Buto Ijo came into their house. "Run Timun Mas. Save your life!" said mother. Buto Ijo was angry. He knew the farmers wanted to break their promise. He chased Timun Mas away. Buto Ijo was getting closer and closer. Timun Mas then opened the bag and threw a handful of salt. It became sea. Buto Ijo had to swim to cross the sea. Later, Timun Mas threw some chilly. It became a jungle with tress. The tress had sharp thorns so magic stuff. It was cucumber seeds. She threw them and became cucumber field with a lot of cucumber on it. Seeing so many fresh cucumbers in the field, Buto Ijo became hungry and was interested to eat them and let Timun Emas run away. But realizing that Timun Emas had been far away from him, Buto Ijo decided to chase her again. Then it was the last magic stuff Timun Emas had in the bag. It was a shrimp paste or *terasi*. She threw it and became a big swamp. Buto ijo was still trying to swim the swamp but he couldn't move fast after eating too much cucumber. He got very sleepy and tired. Then he was drowning and died.

Timun Emas then immediately went home. The farmers finally met her beloved daughter again and they lived happily ever after.

Text 40 "Hidden Treasure" page 129

Once upon a time, a farmer had three sons. The farmer was rich and had many fields.

When the farmer was dying, he called his three sons to him. "I have left you treasure which will make you rich", he told them. "But you must dig in all our fields to find the place where the treasure was buried".

After the old man died, his three lazy sons went out into the fields. They began to dig. "I'll dig the first to find the place where the treasure was buried", cried the eldest one. "That's the field where our father put the treasure", said another son.

The three sons dug all the fields for several years, but they found no treasure.

However, many plants grew in the fields because the three sons had dug. The vegetables made them very rich.

Text 41 "The Benefit of A I Y E P" page 130

The Australia-Indonesia Youth Exchange Program (AIYEP), which began in 1981, is beneficial for both young people of Indonesia and Australia, and the countries themselves. This is so far a number of reasons.

First, the participants can get an opportunity for first-hand experience of living in and being an active part of another culture. Their experience is from a "rural stay", in which the groups live in a village, and an "urban stay", where they live in a town/city. In the places they stay with host family. Besides, they can develop their personality in team work and negotiating skill, leadership, confidence, adaptability, etc. this is so because they are given a chance to undertake a community-based work and social activities in urban stay.

Moreover, they can have practical experiences and the development of skill related to their academic studies or personal career paths. The experience can be obtained through undertaking work experience related to their chosen fields of study or expertise, wherever possible. Not only for her participants, but the countries also get benefit from the program. It can contribute to a more stable and enduring relationship between Australia and Indonesia, increases people-to-people contacts and institutional links, and can develop a greater understanding of present Australia-Indonesia relationships and possibilities for future cooperation and involvement.

Thus, AIYEP has proven to be a fruitful program.

Text 42 "Country Concern" page 131

In all the discussion over the removal of lead from petrol (and the atmosphere) there doesn't seem to have been any mention of the difference between driving in the city and the country.

While I realize my leaded petrol car is polluting the air wherever I drive, I feel that when you travel through the country, where you only see another car very five to ten minutes, the problem is not as severe as when traffic is concentrated in the city roads.

Those two want to penalize older, leaded petrol vehicles and their owners don't seem to appreciate that, in the country, there is no public transport to fall back upon and one's own vehicle is the only way to get about.

I feel that country people, who often have to travel huge distances to the nearest town and who already spend a great of money on petrol, should be treated differently to the people who live in the city.

Text 43 "Drinking Alcohol is forbidden" page 132

Alcoholic beverage almost exists in all Indonesian society. You will find "Tuak" in Central Java, Brem in Bali, and others. However, government forbids the selling of alcoholic beverage in any for.

With the object in his mind, excess alcoholic drink will damage human body. Drinking alcoholic surely has negative effect on the drinkers. They might get alcohol poisoning, physical injuries, or for students, weakened academic performance. The earlier a person begins drinking heavily, the greater their chance of developing serious illness later on.

Otherwise, some people think that alcohol is just fine if they take it moderately. Their argument based on the research that drinking wine, one kind of alcoholic beverage, in small amount keeps the heart beat healthy. Furthermore, it warms the body in certain level to fight against the coldness.

As a result of the controversy, people should be wise in making decision. Looking back to the negative effect, it is advisable that drinking alcohol forbidden.

Text 44 "Elephants" page 133

Elephants are the largest and animals alive today. These animals have special body characteristics, among them are tucks and trunk.

Elephants' tusks are made of a hard, white substance like bone. When an elephant is angry, its tusk can be very dangerous. The tusks of an elephants are actually its front teeth. People pay a lot of money for the ivory of an elephant's tusk. The ivory from the tusk is made into many beautiful things.

The trunk of an elephant is a fusion of the nose and upper lip. An elephant uses its trunk in many ways. It pull up trees with its trunk wants to make a path

through the jungle. It also uses its trunk to get water. The trunk can hold a lot of water, as an elephant need to drink three hundreds pints of water every day.

Text 45 "Arts" page 134

Art is creation or expression of what is beautiful. An artist is a person who creates or expressed it. People classify art according to their purpose, their intensions, their effects and their media. Based on their media, art can be classified into visual art, auditory art, verbal art and mixed art.

Visual art is art that can be seen, such as painting, drawing, sculpture and architecture. Auditory art is art that can be heard, such as music. Verbal art is art that can be read aloud, such as poetry. Mixed art is the combination of the three, including all the arts of performance, such as dance, opera, drama, song and motion pictures. Drama combines both of the verbal and visual arts of costume, stage design and special effects, such as sound, lighting and soon. Opera combines the art of music with the art of drama and the visual art stage design. Dance combines the visual spectacle of moving in bodies call choreography. Song combines words with music. The motion picture combines a series of pictures presented in rapid succession which appear to the moving with both verbal components (script) and the musical background.

Text 46 "Waves" page 134

Waves are beautiful to look at, but they can destroy ship at sea, as well as houses and building near the Shore. What causes waves? Most waves are caused by winds blowing over the surface of the water. The sun heats the earth, causing the air to rise and the winds to blow. The winds blow across the sea, pushing little waves into bigger ones.

The size of the wave depends on how strong the wind is, how long it blows, and large the body of water is. In a small bay big wave will never build up. But at sea the winds can build up giant, powerful waves.

A rule says that the height of the wave (in meters) will usually be no more than one-tenth of the wind's speed (in kilometers). In other words, when the wind is blowing at 120 kilometers per hour, most waves will be about twelve meters. Of course, some waves may combine to form giant waves that are much higher.

In 1933 the United States Navy reported the largest measured waves in history. It rose in the Pacific Ocean to height of 32 meters.

Text 47 "Examination should be abolished" page 136

Many people say that examination should be abolished because they are not the best measure of student's capabilities. These people believe that students can study on their own and do better without nagging worry and pressure exerted by examination.

Yet, there are reasons enough to show that examination shouldn't be abolished. It is insufficient that teachers assign homework and correct it. Because this is not done under supervision, they cannot be sure that it is really the work of students themselves.

Moreover, homework is not a test of students' ability; homework is more a method of merely keeping occupied. Now days, in the hunt for job, students need to produce some evidence of their capabilities. Prospective employers like to see evidence in the form of copies of examination result; this is the only way students' qualifications can be judged.

This attitude greatly encourages the use of examination, if not making them necessary.

Text 48 "Special Present" page 139

Jack was a young sailor. He lived in England, but he was often away with his ship.

One summer he came back from a long voyage and found new neighbors near his mother's house. They had a pretty daughter, and Jack soon loved her very much.

He said to her, "My next voyage will begin in few days' time, Gloria. I love you, and I'll marry you when I come back. I'll think about you all the time and I'll write to you and send you a present from every port." Jack's first port was Freetown in Africa, and he sent Gloria a parrot from there. It spoke five languages.

When Jack's ship reached Australia, there was a letter from Gloria. It said, "Thank you for the parrot, Jack. It tasted much better than a chicken."

Text 49 "The Blonde and the Lawyer" page 141

A blonde and a lawyer are seated next to each other on a flight from LA to NY.

The lawyer asks if she would like to play a fun game. The blonde, tired, just wants to take a nap, politely declines and rolls over to the window to catch a few winks.

The lawyer persists and explains that game is easy and a lot of fun. He explains, "I ask you a question, and if you don't know the answer, you pay me \$5.00, and vice versa."

Again, she declines and tries to get some sleep. The lawyer, now agitated, says, "Okay, if you don't know the answer you pay me \$ 5.00, and if you don't know the answer, I will pay you \$500.00."

This catches the Blonde's attention and, figuring there will be no end to this torment unless she plays, agrees to the game. The lawyer asks the first question. "What's the distance from the earth to the moon?" The Blonde doesn't say a word, reaches into her purse, pulls out a \$5.00 bill and hands it to the lawyer.

"Okay" says the lawyer, "your turn."

She asks the lawyer, "What goes up a hill with three legs and comes down with four legs?" the lawyer, puzzled, takes out his laptop computer and searches the net and searches all his references, no answer. He taps into the air phone with his modem and searches the net and the library of congress, no answer. Frustrated, he sends e-mails to all his friends and coworkers, to no avail. After, an hour, he wakes the blonde, and hands her \$500.00.

The blonde says, "Thank you", and turns back to get some more sleep.

The lawyer, who is more than a little miffed, wakes the blonde and asks, "Well, what's the answer?" without a word, the blonde reaches into her purse, hands the lawyer \$5.00, and goes back to sleep.

Text 50 "Nassredin's Coat" page 142

One day Nasreddin had been invited to the dinner party. He went to the party by wearing old clothes.

When he arrived in the party, nobody looked at him and nobody gave him a seat. He got no food in the party so he went home and change his clothes.

Next he put on his best clothes. He wore his newest coat and went to the party again. The host at once got up and came to meet him. The host offered his the best table and gave him a good seat and served him the best food.

Nasreddin sat and put off his coat. He put his coat and said; "Eat the food, Coat!" the hosts and guests were very surprised and asked Nareddin; "What are you doing?" Nasreddin replied calmly; "When I came here with my old clothes, nobody looked at me. Then I went home and put on my best clothes. I came back in my newest coat and you all give me this best food and drink. So, you give food to my coat instead of me". Getting Nasreddin's answer, they just shook the head.



YAYASAN PEMBINA UNIVERSITAS MURIA KUDUS UNIVERSITAS MURIA KUDUS FAKULTAS KEGURUAN DAN ILMU PENDIDIKAN Kampus Gondangmanis Bae Kudus PO. Box 53 Telp/Fax.0291-438229

KETERANGAN SELESAI BIMBINGAN

Yang bertanda tangan dibawah ini:

Nama : Atik Rokhayani, S.Pd, M.Pd

NIS : 0610701000001207

Jabatan : Pembimbing I

Nama : Dr. Slamet Utomo, M.Pd NIP : 19621219 198703 1 001

Jabatan : Pembimbing II

Menerangkan bahwa

Nama : Ayu Monika

NIM/Semester : 200932238/8

Program studi : Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris

Telah menyelesaikan bimbingan skripsi dengan judul: TEXT TYPES FOUND IN MODUL PEMBELAJARAN OF THE ELEVENTH GRADE STUDENTS OF SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL PUBLISHED BY TIM MGMP BAHASA INGGRIS KABUPATEN KUDUS IN ACADEMIC YEAR 2012

Demikian surat keterangan ini dibuat sebagai syarat untuk mengajukan permohonan ujian terakhir.

Kudus, Juli 2013

Pembimbing II

Pembimbing I

Dr. Slamet Utomo, M.Pd

NIP. 19621219 198703 1 001

Atik Rokhayani, S.Pd, M.Pd NIS. 0610701000001207

YAYASAN PEMBINA UNIVERSITAS MURIA KUDUS UNIVERSITAS MURIA KUDUS

Kampus UMK Gondangmanis Bae Kudus PO BOX 53 Phone/ Fax. 0291-438229

PERMOHONAN UJIAN SKRIPSI

Yang bertanda tangan dibawah ini:

Nama

: Ayu Monika

NIM/Semester

: 2009 32 238

Program Studi : Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris

Mengajukan permohonan menempuh ujian skripsi.

Bersama ini kami lampirkan hal-hal sebagai berikut:

- 1. Surat pernyataan mahasiswa tentang orisinilitas skripsi.
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Juli 2013 Kudus,

Mengetahui,

Ka. Prodi Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris

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NIS.0610701000001190

YAYASAN PEMBINA UNIVERSITAS MURIA KUDUS UNIVERSITAS MURIA KUDUS FAKULTAS KEGURUAN DAN ILMU PENDIDIKAN Kampus Gondangmanis Bae Kudus PO. Box 53 Telp/Fax.0291-438229

STATEMENT

Name : Ayu Monika

NIM : 20093-32-238

Study program : Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris

Skripsi title : TEXT TYPES FOUND IN MODUL PEMBELAJARAN OF

THE ELEVENTH GRADE STUDENTS OF SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL PUBLISHED BY TIM MGMP BAHASA INGGRIS

KABUPATEN KUDUS IN ACADEMIC YEAR 2012

State that this skripsi is indeed the scientific work of man not that of other I only make some certain quotations from other as references I need to support my skripsi.

I am fully responsible for this statement.

Kudus, 12th July 7, 2013

The writer

Ayu Monika

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UNIVERSITAS MURIA KUDUS
FAKULTAS KEGURUAN DAN ILMU PENDIDIKAN
Kampus UMK Gondangmanis Bae Kudus Po Box 53 phone/fax.0291-438229

BERITA ACARA BIMBINGAN

Nama : Ayu Monika Nim/semester : 2003 32 - 236 / 8 Program studi : P8/ Pembimbing : 1. Afit Rokhayani 2. Slamet Utono

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CURRICULUM VITAE

Ayu monika was born on August 11^{th} 1991 in Pati. She is Mr. Imam Asmuni and Mrs. Rukati's first daughter.

She graduated from Elementary School in 2003 and from Junior High school in 2006 in SMPN 1 Wedarijaksa. SMA Negeri 2 Pati was the next school at which she studied. In 2009 she continued her study at Muria Kudus University majoring the study program of English Education Department in Teacher Training and Education Faculty

